

Relative duality in complex analytic geometry

J.P. Ramis, G. Ruget, J.L. Verdier

1971

This document is a translation into English of the following:

Ramis, J.P., Ruget, G., and Verdier, J.L. “Dualité relative en géométrie analytique complexe”. *Inventiones Math.* **13** (1971), 261–283. eudml.org/doc/142096

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Introduction

Given a σ -compact analytic space X , of bounded dimension, we know how to construct [10] a bounded complex $\mathbf{K}_X^\bullet$ of $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules with coherent cohomology, and a (continuous linear) “trace” $\mathbf{T}_X: H_c^0(X; \mathbf{K}_X^\bullet) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ that can happily provide a duality between the **TODO: separations?** of the spaces $H_c^p(X; \mathcal{F})$ and $\text{Ext}^{-p}(X; \mathcal{F}, \mathbf{K}_X^\bullet)$, for every integer p and every coherent $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module $\mathcal{F}$, as long as we endow these space with suitable topologies; similarly, the trace induces a perfect pairing between $H^p(X; \mathcal{F})$ and $\text{Ext}_c^{-p}(X; \mathcal{F}, \mathbf{K}_X^\bullet)$, suitably topologised. The purpose of this article is the study of the compatibility of this duality with direct images: if $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is a morphism of analytic spaces, then we have to construct a “relative trace” $\mathbf{T}_{X/Y} \in \text{Ext}^0(Y; Rf_! \mathbf{K}_X^\bullet, \mathbf{K}_Y^\bullet)$ (where $f_!$ denotes the direct image with proper support). We then have, for every complex $\mathcal{F}^\bullet$ of $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules with coherent cohomology ($\mathcal{F}^\bullet \in D_{\text{coh}}(X)$) and for every complex $\mathcal{G}^\bullet$ with bounded-below coherent cohomology ($\mathcal{G}^\bullet \in D_{\text{coh}}^+(Y)$), a canonical morphism

$$\begin{aligned} Rf_! \mathcal{F} \text{Hom}(X; \mathcal{F}^\bullet, R\text{Hom}(Lf^* R\text{Hom}(Y; \mathcal{G}^\bullet, \mathbf{K}_Y^\bullet), \mathbf{K}_X^\bullet)) \\ \rightarrow R\text{Hom}(Y; Rf_* \mathcal{F}^\bullet, \mathcal{G}^\bullet) \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

that is, in certain cases, an isomorphism (we obtain another formula by swapping $Rf_!$ and Rf_* , and more striking formulas by setting $\mathcal{G}^\bullet = \mathbf{K}_Y^\bullet$).

In general, direct images are not coherent, and

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